## The 2023 Healthcare M&A Landscape

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Overall, M&A deal activity is expected to slowdown in H2 2022...



2 ...however Healthcare deal activity will remain pretty robust



Demand for resilient best-in-class Healthcare assets will sustain valuation premia....



4 ...a potential reduction in the availability of credit is the most significant risk





## Today's agenda

1 Recapping the last twelve months

Where are we now?

The impact on Healthcare Services M&A

4 Where are we going?

5

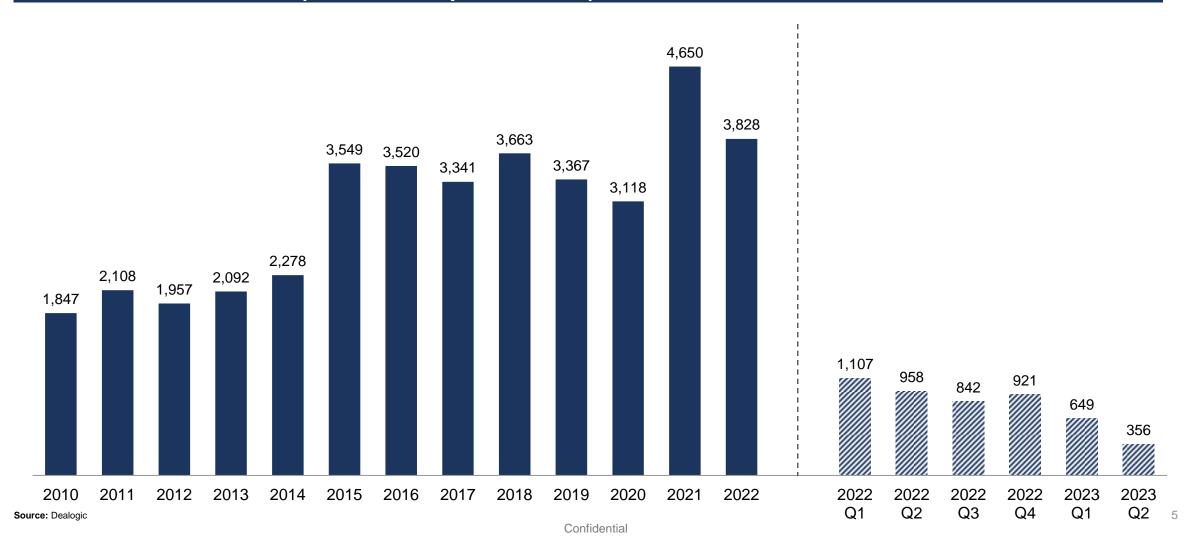
Investing in Healthcare is not over...

Recapping the last 12 months



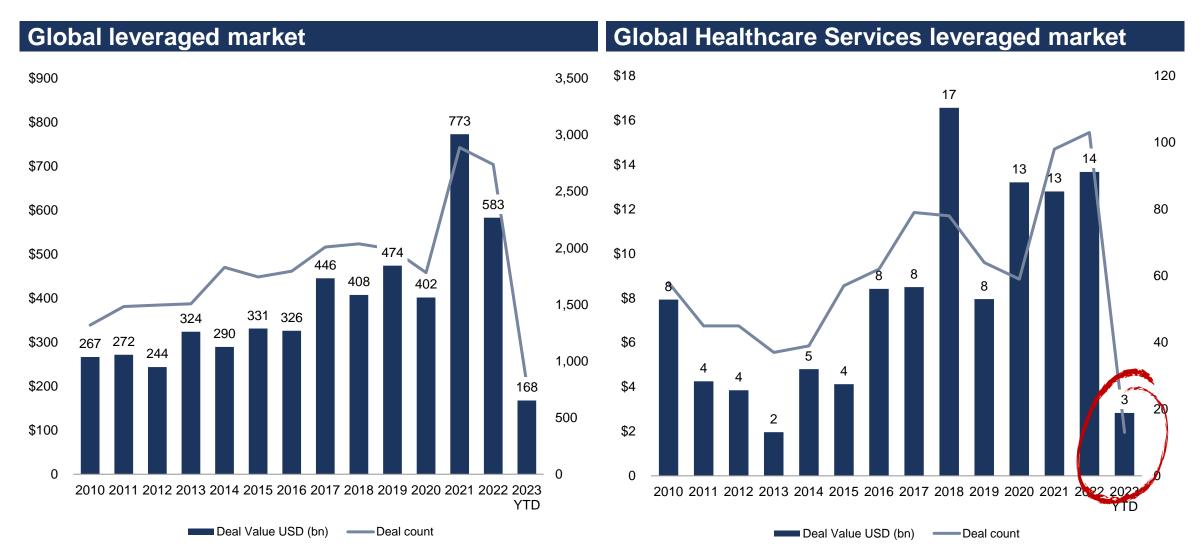
# M&A volumes dropped off from H2 2022 and the trend continued in 2023

#### Global M&A deal values (EURbn, completed deals)





## Volume of 2023 buyout financing is at its lowest in recent history

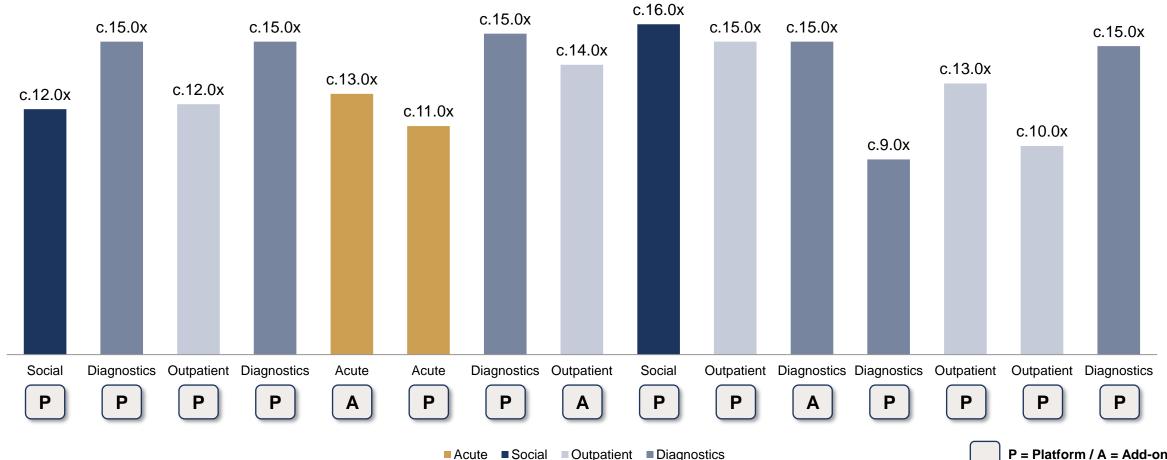




## Despite volumes being down, recent transactions demonstrate prices have been maintained

#### **EV/Pricing EBITDA – European Healthcare Services transactions LTM**

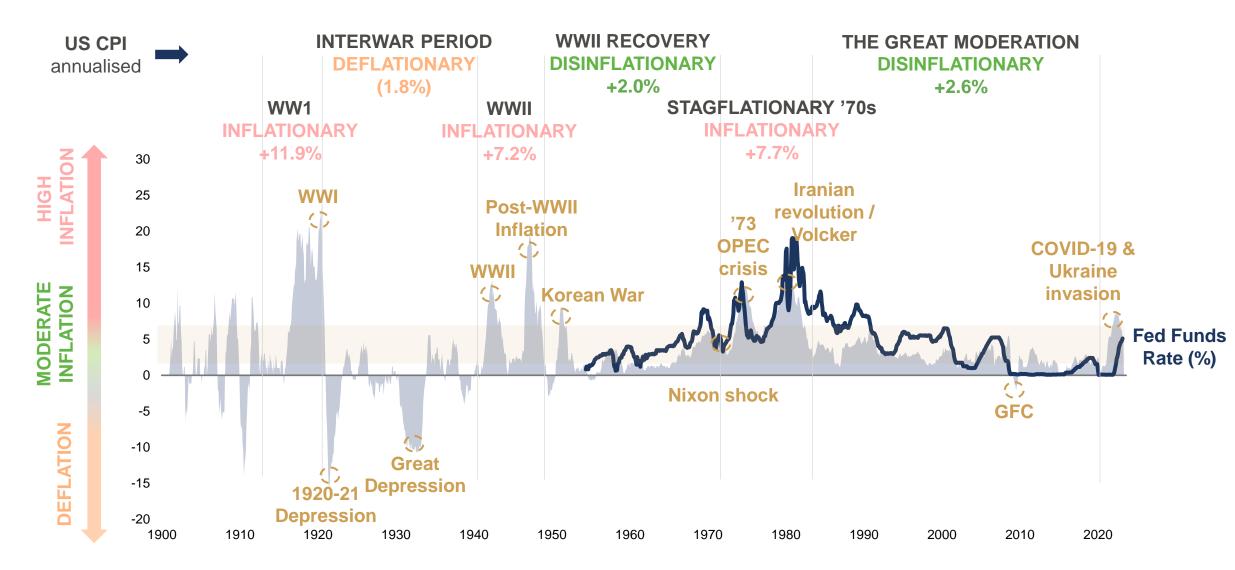
Average: 13.3x



Where are we now?



## Placing recent inflation in context





## A return to a moderate-to-above trend of 2-4% inflation is likely



Pandemic pentup demand and substantial policy support has started to fade

#### **ISM New Orders**





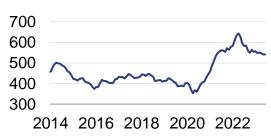
Global supply chains have normalised – China loosening restrictions has opened up capacity





After two big negative supply shocks, raw material prices are slowly returning to precrisis levels

#### **Spot commodity prices**





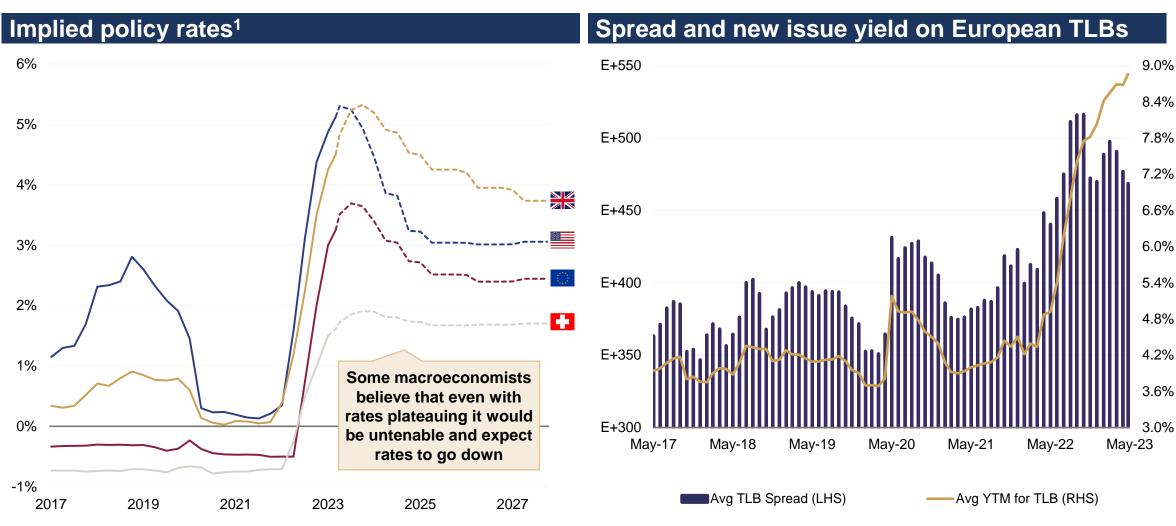
Tight labour markets risk wage pressures becoming entrenched. Some measures are no longer lagging inflation

#### **US** wage tracker





# Policy rates are unlikely to fall in the near-term but should plateau. Spreads to key reference rates continue at all time highs



Source: Bloomberg, Pitchbook LCD

Derived from OIS curves (three-month tenor: USD – SOFR: GBP – SONIA: EUR – ESTR: CHF – CHF OIS)

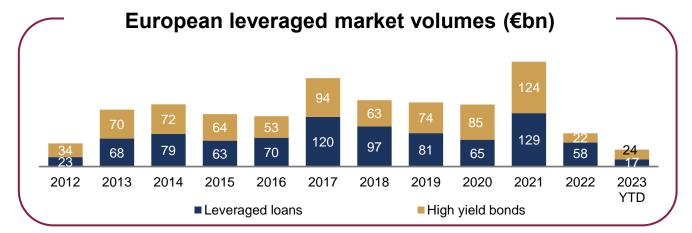
TPI refers to the Transmission Protection Instrument.

## Leveraged markets have improved, with a pick up expected in H2 23

Primary market continues to be open for new transactions albeit remaining credit selective and sensitive to new economic data & corporate earnings

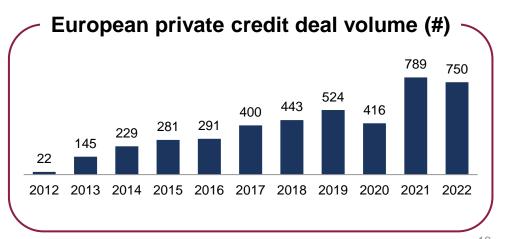
#### **Capital markets**

- Environment in first half of 2023 has improved considerably vs. 2022
  - Banks have now cleared hung LBO deals (at peak estimated to have been \$50bn of hung debt)
  - Indices have improved to closing levels from 2022
  - CLO formation is picking up
- Bank's appetite to take on new underwrite risk is slowly returning
- Current primary activity levels driven by well-known, repeat issuers and Amend & Extends
- Capital markets have been more constructive through H1-23, albeit expectation remains that volume will not fully recover until H2-23



#### **Private credit**

- Private credit has been resilient and continues to deploy capital
- Credit committees focused on resilient, traditionally preferred sectors (including Healthcare)
- Market characterised by high levels of credit selectivity, wider dispersion of terms, and less consistent, more unpredictable investment committee outcomes



The impact on Healthcare Services M&A



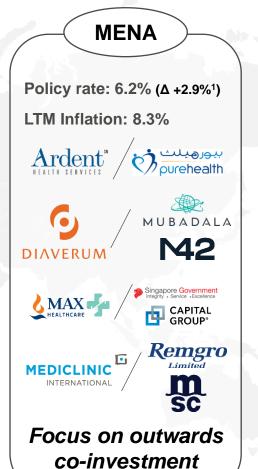
## Deal volume and investor targets have been impacted globally

Global snapshot – deal activity by region (≥€500m) in the LTM...i.e. EVERYTHING









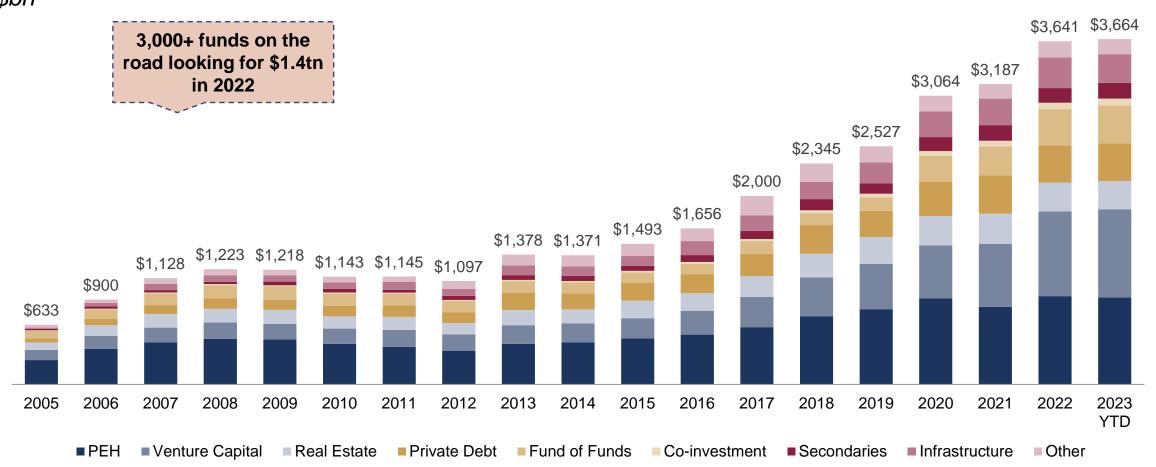




## Dry powder continues to be higher than ever, but now amidst greater pressure from LPs to return money

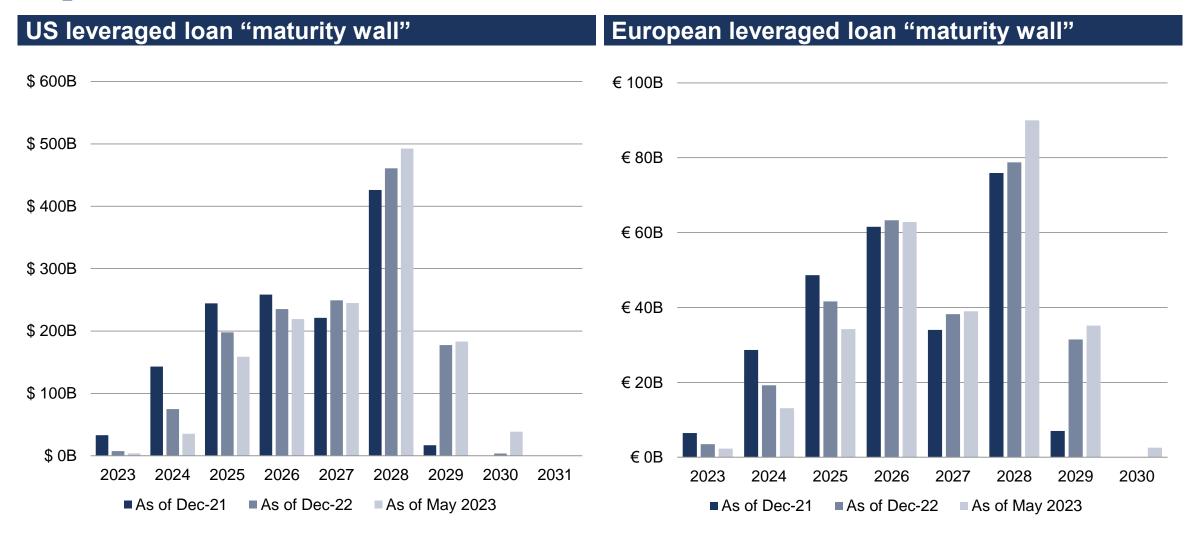
#### Total dry powder value over time

\$bn





# Maturity profiles demonstrate significant near term refinancing requirements





## What options are available?

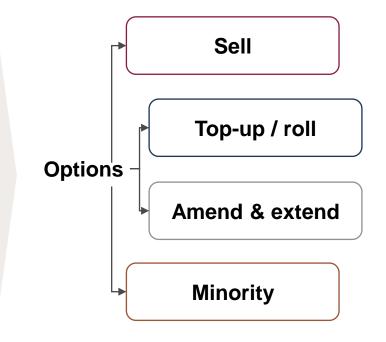
Do you opt to refinance debt at current rates or seek a short-term liquidity event?

### Worked example: Investor A acquires MidCo

2020: Entry Entry assumptions	
EBITDA	100
EV / EBITDA	15x
Enterprise value	1,500
Operating cash flow conversion	80%
Debt financing	
xEBITDA	7x
Debt quantum	700
All-in cost of debt	5%
Annual interest expense	35
Debt	700
Equity	800
Enterprise value	1,500
FCF after debt servicing	45

2023	
Financial metrics	
EBITDA	150
Operating cash flow conversion	80%
Financing	
xEBITDA	7x
Debt quantum <sup>1</sup>	1,050
Note: Refinancing requirement	
Refinanced debt (xEBITDA)	5x
Refinanced debt quantum	750
Equity 'top-up' required	300
All-in cost of debt	11%
Annual interest expense	83
FCF after debt servicing	38

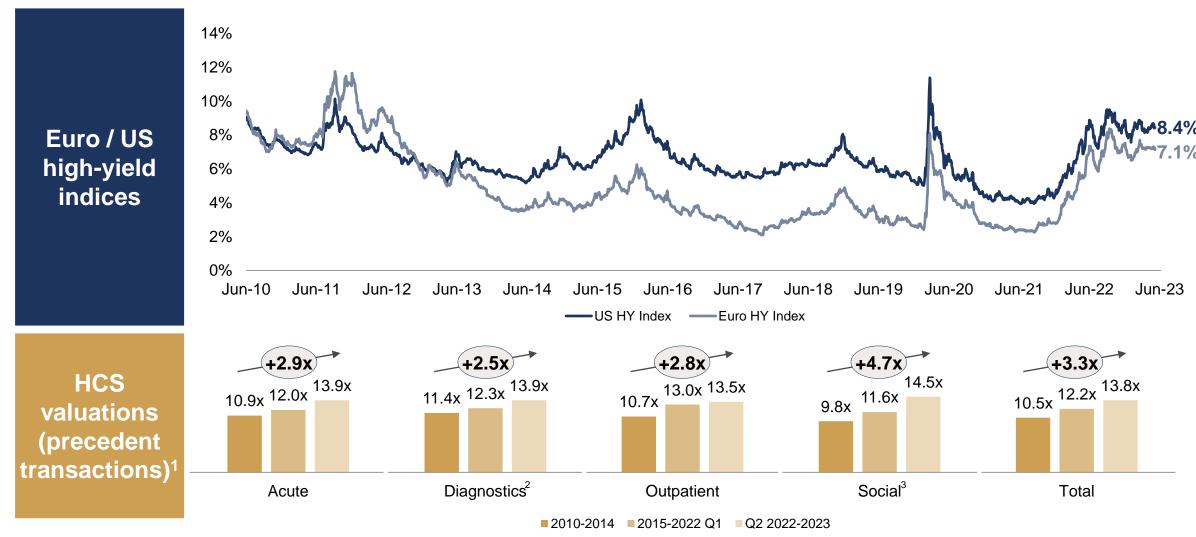
#### Strategic options available



Where are we going?



## The current cost of debt is not unprecedented but the tandem current high asset valuations are



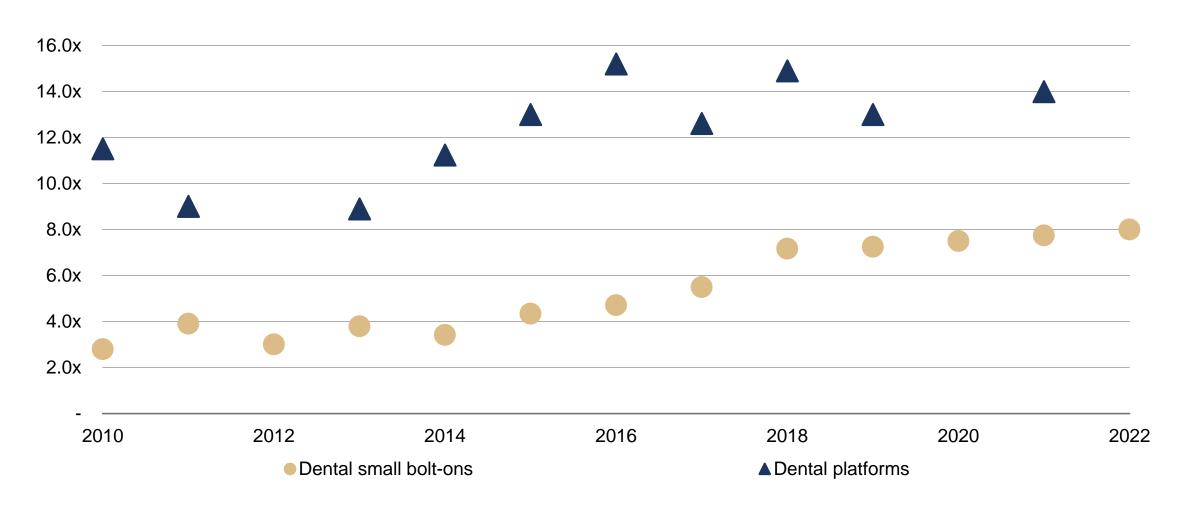
Source: BofA High Yield Index



## The price of add-ons has increased materially over the past decade

...they will come down, but bear in mind push factor and pull factors

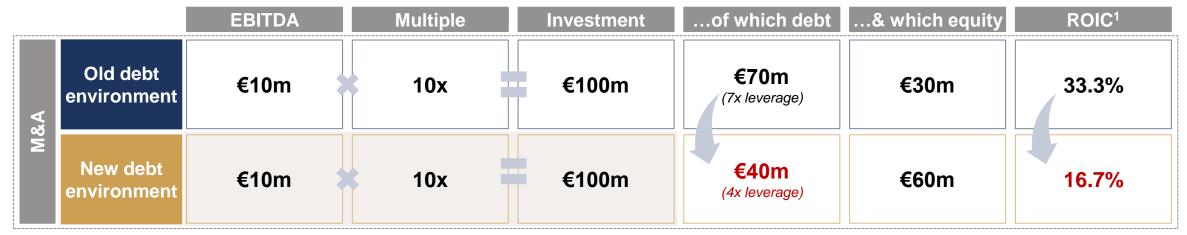






# The current environment has driven a renewed focus on organic models

### A M&A-led growth models



### B Focus on organic models



Investing in Healthcare is not over...



## Healthcare megatrends underpin growth within the industry



## Aging demographics

 Increasing demand for geriatric care and specialised treatments



#### Increased focus on mental health

 Growing recognition of mental health issues and rising demand for counselling, therapy, and psychiatric care



## Rise in chronic illness

 Growing burden of chronic conditions and need for ongoing care and disease management programs



# Urbanisation and lifestyle changes

 Urban living and changing lifestyles contribute to heightened healthcare service needs



# Shift towards preventative healthcare

Emphasis on proactive approaches, including preventive screenings, vaccinations, and lifestyle interventions



#### Digital health

 Integration of technology (e.g. electronic health records, telehealth platforms, and wearable devices)



# Expansion of personalised diagnostics

Advancements in genetic testing and biomarker analysis unlock tailored diagnostics and treatments



## Demand for home therapy alternatives

 Growing preference for receiving therapy and rehabilitation at home



# Advances in medical technology

 Adoption of telemedicine, Aldriven diagnostics, and remote monitoring systems



Global healthcare tourism

Increased travel for specialised treatments and surgeries

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## Healthcare fundamentals are attractive globally

#### North America

Population 504m people  $(\Delta +0.7\%^{1})$ 

Median age 36 years (41 years by 2033)

% of people aged 65+ 18% (21% by 2033)

Nominal GDP / capita \$60,795 (Δ +0.6%<sup>2</sup>)

Healthcare expenditure % of GDP 17%

**Source:** IHS Markit, CIA Factbook, Fitch Solutions

#### Notes:

- . Year-on-year growth
- 2. Real year-on-year GDP growth
- 3. Change in the last 12 months

Excludes Venezuela

4. Includes Mexico

#### LatAm

Population 507m ( $\Delta + 0.6\%^1$ )

Median age 31 years (35 years by 2033)

% of people aged 65+ 9% (13% by 2033)

Nominal GDP / capita  $$9,299 (\Delta +1.1\%^2)$ 

Healthcare expenditure
% of GDP
9%

Median age 44 years (46 years by 2033) % of people aged 65+ 22% (27% by 2033)

#### Europe

EU5

Population 629m (Δ +0.1%<sup>1</sup>)

Median age 40 years (42 years by 2033)

% of people aged 65+ 18% (21% by 2033)

Nominal GDP / capita  $$38,761 (\Delta +0.9\%^2)$ 

Healthcare expenditure
% of GDP
11%

#### **MENA**

Population 550m ( $\Delta +1.4\%^1$ )

Median age 26 years (30 years by 2033)

% of people aged 65+ 6% (8% by 2033)

Nominal GDP / capita  $$7,648 (\Delta +1.4\%^2)$ 

Healthcare expenditure % of GDP

4% Median age
31 years
(34 years by

2033)

#### **APAC**

Population 4,333m ( $\Delta + 0.6\%^1$ )

Median age 33 years (36 years by 2033)

% of people aged 65+ 10% (14% by 2033)

Nominal GDP / capita  $$8,466 (\Delta +3.5\%^2)$ 

Healthcare expenditure % of GDP 7%

Saudi

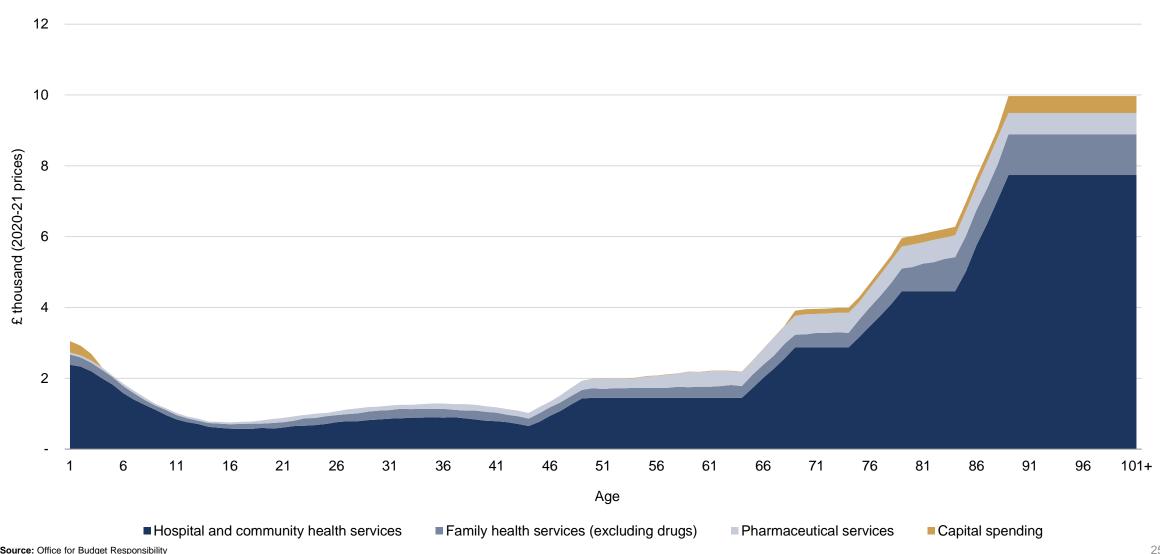
Arabia % of people aged 65+ 3% (7% by 2033)

24



## Spend is clearly correlated with age

Healthcare spending per capita and by age group: UK example



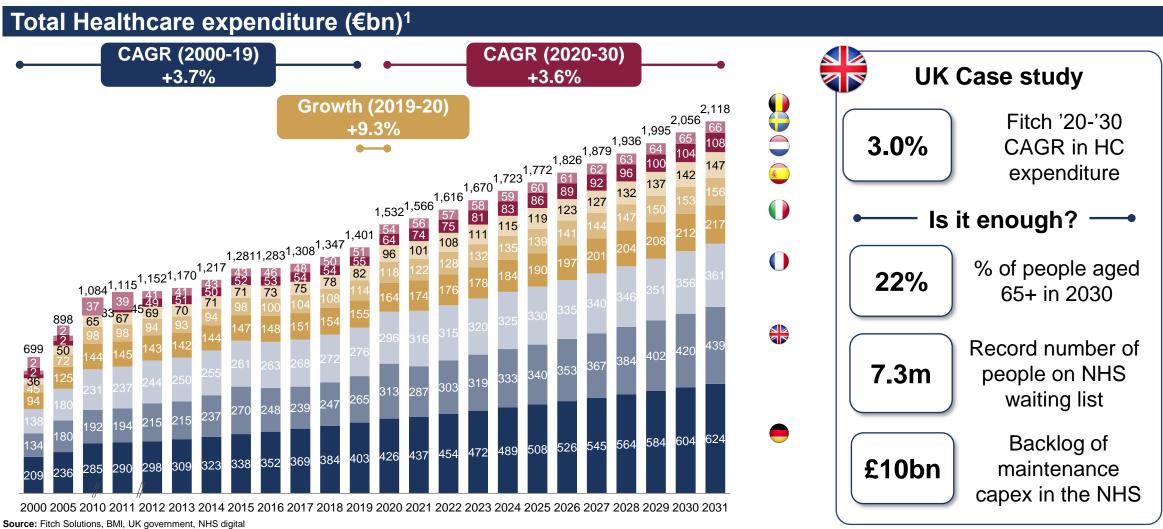
Source: Office for Budget Responsibility

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## Healthcare expenditure will continue to grow



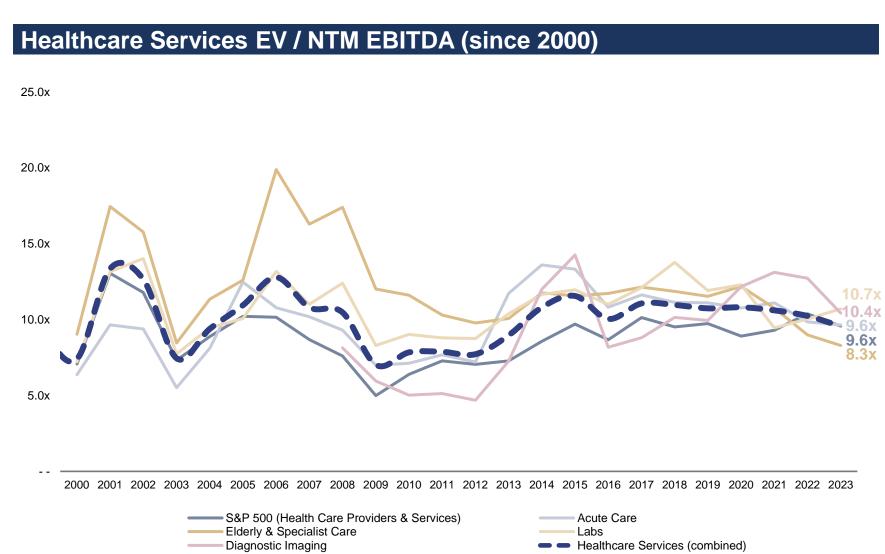
**Source:** Fitch Solutions, BMI, UK government, NHS digital **Notes:** 

Notes

Total Healthcare spending for selected European countries



## Healthcare Services valuations are cyclical...



#### **Healthcare Services**

#### **Healthcare Providers & Services**



#### **Acute care**



#### **Elderly & Specialist Care**



#### Labs



#### **Diagnostic imaging**



Source: Factset 27
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## ...and investors who take a contrarian view have often been successful

#### Selected entries in 2002 / 2003

#### Selected entries in 2010 / 2011 / 2012 / 2013 / 2014





















































Sources: Company information

Multiple on invested capital metrics obtained from the relevant press releases and news announcements



## What needs to happen...

## Today Q4 2023 / Q1 2024 Belief that prices are unlikely to go up Refinancing driven disposals Inflation and borrowing costs down, Nervousness over growth rates and exit multiples as macro conditions improve No FOMO! Prices of add-ons fall No competitors investing Activity begets activity...





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